

2023 Octagam 5% & Octagam 10% Copay Enrollment Form

Please print and fax completed form to: 1-800-554-6744

If you have any questions please call the Octapharma Support Center toll free at 1-800-554-4440 | Monday to Friday 8:30 AM to 5 PM ET

PATIENT INFORMATION:

Full Name Last First M.I.
Address Apartment/Unit #
City State Zip
Date of Birth
Phone ( ) Email

PATIENT INSURANCE INFORMATION:

Name of Insurance Name of Insured
Insurance Phone ( ) Member ID # Group # Plan ID #

COORDINATION OF CARE:

Patient Site of Care: Hospital Outpatient Infusion center Physician office Other (specify):
Product Concentration: Octagam 5% Octagam 10%
Name of Facility or Specialty Pharmacy
Contact Name Phone ( )

PHYSICIAN INFORMATION:

Physician Name (print) Last First
Address Unit #
City State Zip
Phone ( ) Fax ( ) Email

PHYSICIAN SIGNATURE:

Printed Physician Name
Signature Date

By signing this form, I verify that the patient and prescriber information is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and that I have prescribed Octagam 5% or Octagam 10% based on my professional judgment and medical necessity. I attest that I have obtained the patient's affirmative authorization to release the above information as may be necessary to Octapharma.

## 2023 Octagam 5% & Octagam 10% Copay Enrollment Form

### TO BE ELIGIBLE:

- The patient must be receiving treatment with Octagam 5% or Octagam 10%, or have a prescription to begin treatment
  - The patient must have commercial insurance
  - Those with Medicare, Medicaid, Medigap, VA, DOD, Tricare or other federal or state government health insurance are not eligible
- Copay assistance may only be applied to co-payments, deductibles and co-insurance that may be associated with the cost of Octagam 5% or Octagam 10% up to a maximum amount of \$2,500 in copay assistance in the calendar year of enrollment
  - The Copay Assistance Program does not cover costs associated with administration of therapy, such as office visits, infusion costs, or other professional services

### INDICATION AND USE

Octagam 5% is an immune globulin intravenous 5% liquid indicated for treatment of primary humoral immunodeficiency (PI), such as congenital agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency, X-linked agammaglobulinemia, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, and severe combined immunodeficiencies.

Octagam 10% is an immune globulin intravenous (human) liquid preparation indicated for the treatment of dermatomyositis (DM) in adults. Octagam 10% is also indicated for the treatment of chronic immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) to rapidly raise platelet counts to control or prevent bleeding in adults.

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

#### **WARNING: THROMBOSIS, RENAL DYSFUNCTION, AND ACUTE RENAL FAILURE**

*Please see Octagam® 5% and Octagam® 10% full Prescribing Information for complete Boxed Warnings and other important information.*

- Thrombosis may occur with immune globulin intravenous (IGIV) products, including octagam 5% and octagam 10% liquid preparations. Risk factors may include: advanced age, prolonged immobilization, hypercoagulable conditions, history of venous or arterial thrombosis, use of estrogens, indwelling vascular catheters, hyperviscosity, and cardiovascular risk factors.
- Renal dysfunction, acute renal failure, osmotic nephrosis, and death may occur in predisposed patients with IGIV products, including octagam 5% and octagam 10% liquid preparations. Patients predisposed to renal dysfunction include those with a degree of pre-existing renal insufficiency, diabetes mellitus, age greater than 65, volume depletion, sepsis, paraproteinemia, or patients receiving known nephrotoxic drugs. Renal dysfunction and acute renal failure occur more commonly with IGIV products containing sucrose. Octagam 5% and octagam 10% liquid preparations do not contain sucrose.
- For patients at risk of thrombosis, renal dysfunction, or acute renal failure administer octagam 5% or octagam 10% liquid preparations at the minimum dose and infusion rate practicable. Ensure adequate hydration in patients before administration. Monitor for signs and symptoms of thrombosis and assess blood viscosity in patients at risk for hyperviscosity.

Please see accompanying full Prescribing Information for octagam 5% and octagam 10%.

**Contraindications for Octagam 5%**

Octagam 5% liquid is contraindicated in patients who have acute severe hypersensitivity reactions to human immunoglobulin; in IgA-deficient patients with antibodies against IgA and history of hypersensitivity; in patients with acute hypersensitivity reaction to corn. Octagam 5% liquid contains maltose, a disaccharide which is derived from corn. Patients known to have corn allergies should avoid using octagam 5% liquid.

**Warnings and Precautions for Octagam 5%**

Monitor renal function, including blood urea nitrogen and serum creatinine, and urine output in patients at risk of developing acute renal failure.

Falsely elevated blood glucose readings may occur during and after the infusion of octagam 5% liquid with some glucometer and test strip systems.

Hyperproteinemia, increased serum osmolarity, and hyponatremia may occur in patients receiving IGIV therapy.

Aseptic meningitis syndrome has been reported with octagam 5% liquid and other IGIV treatments, especially with high doses or rapid infusion.

Hemolytic anemia can develop subsequent to IGIV therapy due to enhanced RBC sequestration.

IGIV recipients should be monitored for pulmonary adverse reactions such as transfusion-related acute lung injury (TRALI).

The product is made from human plasma and may contain infectious agents, e.g. viruses and, theoretically, the Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease agent.

**Adverse Reactions for Octagam 5%**

The most serious adverse reactions observed with octagam 5% liquid treatment have been immediate anaphylactic reactions, aseptic meningitis, and hemolytic anemia.

The most common adverse reactions with an incidence of >5% during a clinical trial were headache and nausea.

**Contraindications for Octagam 10%**

Octagam 10% is contraindicated in patients who have a history of severe systemic hypersensitivity reactions, such as anaphylaxis, to human immunoglobulin. Octagam 10% contains trace amounts of IgA (average 106 µg/mL in a 10% solution). It is contraindicated in IgA-deficient patients with antibodies against IgA and history of hypersensitivity.

**Warnings and Precautions for Octagam 10%**

IgA-deficient patients with antibodies against IgA are at greater risk of developing severe hypersensitivity and anaphylactic reactions to octagam 10%. Epinephrine should be available immediately to treat any severe acute hypersensitivity reactions.

Monitor renal function, including blood urea nitrogen and serum creatinine, and urine output in patients at risk of developing acute renal failure.

Falsely elevated blood glucose readings may occur during and after the infusion of octagam 10% with testing by some glucometers and test strip systems.

Hyperproteinemia, increased serum osmolarity and hyponatremia may occur in patients receiving octagam 10%.

Hemolysis that is either intravascular or due to enhanced red blood cell sequestration can develop subsequent to octagam 10% treatments. Risk factors for hemolysis include high doses and non-O-blood group. Closely monitor patients for hemolysis and hemolytic anemia.

Aseptic Meningitis Syndrome may occur in patients receiving octagam 10%, especially with high doses or rapid infusion. Monitor patients for pulmonary adverse reactions (transfusion-related acute lung injury [TRALI]).

Octagam 10% is made from human plasma and may contain infectious agents, e.g. viruses and, theoretically, the Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease agent.

**Adverse Reactions for Octagam 10%**

The most serious drug-related adverse event reported with octagam 10% treatment was a headache (0.9% of subjects). The most common drug-related adverse reactions reported in >5% of the subjects during a clinical trial were headache, fever, and increased heart rate.

Please see accompanying full Prescribing Information for octagam 5% and octagam 10%.







